

Why body composition using DXA?

Body composition measurements with dual-energy X-ray absorptiometry (DXA) can, with accuracy and precision, look beyond weight and traditional body mass index (BMI) to determine and monitor distribution of body fat, bone, and lean muscle mass. Body composition DXA exams can provide useful regional and total body information to healthcare professionals in their management of conditions where the condition itself, or its treatment, can affect the relative amounts of fat and lean tissue.

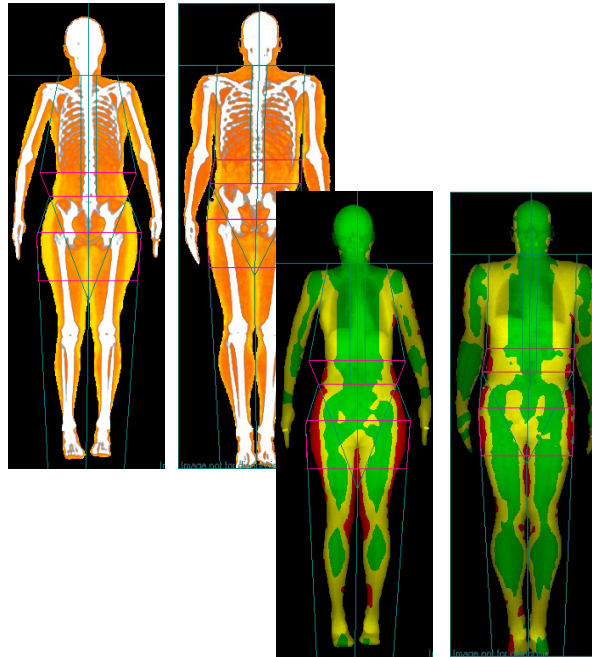
General body fat percentage guidelines¹

Classification	Women (% fat)	Men (% fat)
Essential Fat	10% - 12%	4% - 6%
Athletes	11% - 23%	5% - 15%
Acceptable	18% - 28%	10% - 20%
Obese	32%+	25%+

Possible indications for the test²

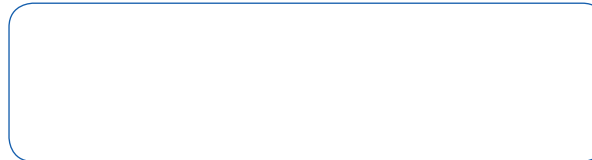
- Obesity and weight management
- Anorexia nervosa
- Diet and exercise regimens
- Sports
- AIDS/HIV
- Chronic renal failure
- Cystic fibrosis

1. Healthy percentage body fat ranges: an approach for developing guidelines based on body mass index. Am J Clin Nutr 2000; 72: 694-701.
2. Clinical Applications for body composition measurements using DXA. C.V. Albanese et al., Journal of Clinical Densitometry, 2003, 6, 75-85.
3. ICRP Publication 60. 1990 Recommendations of the International Commission on Radiological Protection. Annals of the ICRP 1991; 21: no.1-3.
4. Caution: Even though the X-ray dose from the bone densitometry test is very low, please inform the operator if you are pregnant or might be pregnant before your test!
5. CRP Publication 60, 1990 Recommendations of the International Commission on Radiological Protection, published in Annals of the ICRP 1991; 21: no.1-3.



DXA equipment provided by GE Healthcare, Lunar
www.gehealthcare.com

For more information, please contact:



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My Body Composition Test



My Body Composition Test

Total body scans with DXA provide accurate and precise measurements of total body and regional bone mineral density and body composition, including bone mineral content, lean tissue mass, fat tissue mass, and percentage fat.

Why body composition?

Most people are used to stepping on a scale at every visit to a doctor's office, but monitoring weight alone, while helpful, is at best a crude and an imprecise way to assess their health. Today's body composition measurement tools provide far more complete and precise information.



How does body composition work?

The DXA bone densitometer uses small amounts of X-ray to produce the total body image. The X-ray is composed of two energy levels that are absorbed differently by bone, lean and fat tissues. These differences in absorption are used to determine bone mineral density (BMD) and body composition values. A computer software application assists in determining the amount of bone, lean and fat tissues across the whole body and in specific regions.

X-ray dose comparison

The X-ray dose from a typical body composition exam is comparable to the naturally occurring radiation that you are exposed to in one week.^{3,4}

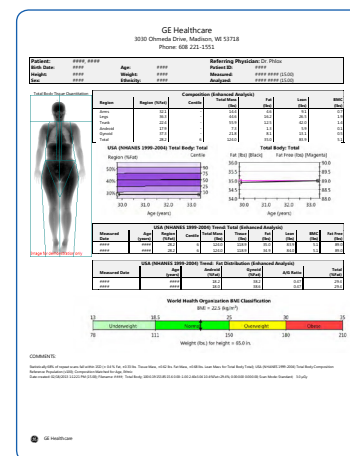
Exam/activity	Effective dose (µSv) ⁵
Lunar iDXA study (Standard mode)	4.7
Chest X-ray	50.0
Lateral lumbar spine X-ray	700.0
Mammogram	450.0
Natural annual background radiation	2400.0
One week ski vacation	15.0
Round trip transcontinental flight	60.0

During the test

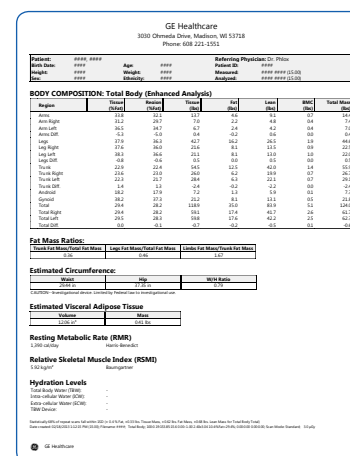
The DXA bone densitometer examination table is padded and comfortable. Your name, age, height, weight and ethnicity are entered into the computer before your exam. This information is used to compare your results to a normal reference group. You are then asked to lie on your back and remain in your normal clothing, in most cases. Belt buckles, metal or thick plastic buttons and metal jewelry need to be removed from the region being examined. The operator positions your arms and legs. During the exam, which is painless and typically takes 10 minutes, you lie still and breath normally.

Your body composition results

Your total body composition is calculated for various regions (arms, legs, trunk, total). Results are displayed for percent body fat, fat mass, and lean muscle mass. Your bone mineral density (BMD) may also be calculated, providing additional information about your bone health. Over time, these results can be monitored to better understand how changes in diet, lifestyle, exercise, or other interventions are influencing your body composition.



Body composition report with total body images trending



Body composition report with fat, lean, and bone measurements of each segment of body